

Printing date 06.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 06.10.2025

## 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · Product identifier
- · Trade name: Opalustre<sup>TM</sup>
- · Article number: SDS 84-001.15R01, 55403, 55401, 554, 554-JP, 555, 554-P3, 555-1, 5554, REF555-1
- · Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Professional Dental Abrasive Material
- · Application of the substance / the mixture Professional Dental Abrasive Material
- Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Ultradent Products Inc.

505 W. Ultradent Drive (10200 S)

South Jordan, UT 84095-3942

USA

onlineordersupport@ultradent.com

(800) 552-5512

EC Responsible Person

Ultradent Products GmbH

Am Westhover Berg 30

51149 Cologne Germany

Email: infoDE@ultradent.com

Office Phone: +49(0)2203-35-92-0

- · Further information obtainable from: Customer Service
- · Emergency telephone number:

CHEMTREC (NORTH AMERICA): +1 (800) 424-9300

(INTERNATIONAL): +(703) 527-3887

## 2 Hazards identification

- · Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



health hazard

Carc. 1B H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.



Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

- · Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Void
- · Hazard pictograms GHS05, GHS08
- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Silicon Carbide

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Hydrochloric Acid

· Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.

· Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

*P103* Read carefully and follow all instructions.

*P260* Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water

[or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

## 3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:		
CAS: 409-21-2	Silicon Carbide	>30-<50%
EINECS: 206-991-8	<b>♦</b> Carc. 1B, H350i	
CAS: 7647-01-0	Hydrochloric Acid	>1-<10%
EINECS: 231-595-7	♦ Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; ♦ Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT SE 3, H335	
	Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1B; H314: $C \ge 25 \%$	
	Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %	
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 10 % ≤ C < 25 %	
	STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 10 %	
	Dimethicone	<1%
	<b>♦</b> Repr. 2, H361f; STOT RE 2, H373	

Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

### 4 First aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation:

This product is a thick paste, therefore inhalation is extremely unlikely.

Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Seek medical attention if irritation or coughing persists.

*In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.* 

· After skin contact:

*If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.* 

*Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.* 

- · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- · After swallowing: Drink plenty of water and provide fresh air. Call for a doctor immediately.

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### · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation may cause irritation to nose and upper respiratory tract, ulceration, coughing, chest tightness and shortness of breath. Higher concentrations cause tachypnoea, pulmonary oedema and suffocation. Ingestion may cause corrosion of lips, mouth, oesophagus and stomach, dysphagia and vomiting. Pain, eye ulceration, conjuctival irritation, cataracts and glaucoma may occur following eye exposure. Erythema and skin irritation, as well as chemcal burns to skin and mucos membranes may arise following skin exposure. Potential sequelae following ingestion of hydrochloric acid include perforation, scarring of the oesophagus or stomach and stricture formation causing dysphagia or gastric outlet obstrucion. In some cases, RADS may develop. Respiratory symptoms may take up to 36 hours to develop. Symptoms of burning sensation, cough, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, spasm, inflammation, edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema. Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide SDS to Physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

## 5 Firefighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

Carbon dioxide

Alcohol resistant foam

Foam

Water

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

· Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon Oxides

During heating or in case of fire poisonous gases are produced.

- · Advice for firefighters:
- Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.

Wear fully protective suit.

Mouth respiratory protective device.

## 6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Mount respiratory protective device.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- · Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

If necessary use trained response staff or contractor.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.

Cover spill with soda ash or calcium carbonate. Mix and add water to form slurry. Wear personal protective equipment. Refer to Section 8

Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

· Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

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See Section 13 for disposal information.

### 7 Handling and storage

#### · Precautions for safe handling:

Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemicals. Refer to Section 8.

Follow proper disposal methods. Refer to Section 13.

Do not eat or drink

Do not smoke.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Never use hot water and never add water to the acid. Do not allow contact between hydrochloric acid, metal, and organics.

Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas.

Thorough dedusting.

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Open and handle receptacle with care.

- · Information about fire and explosion protection: Keep respiratory protective device available.
- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Protect from freezing and physical damage.

Provide ventilation for receptacles.

- · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Containers for hydrochloric acid must be made from corrosion resistant materials: glass, polyethylene, polypropylene, polyvinyl chloride, carbon steel lined with rubber or ebonite.

Store in a cool place.

See product labelling.

Keep container tightly sealed.

· Specific end use(s) Professional Dental Abrasive Material

### 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Control parameters
- · Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

#### 409-21-2 Silicon Carbide

WEL Long-term value: 10\* 4\*\* mg/m³

\*total inhalable \*\*respirable

#### 7647-01-0 Hydrochloric Acid

WEL Short-term value: 8 mg/m³, 5 ppm

Long-term value: 2 mg/m³, 1 ppm

(gas and aerosol mists)

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see section 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

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Store protective clothing separately.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

### Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Hand protection



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

#### Material of gloves

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### · Penetration time of glove material

The exact breakthrough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Full head, face and neck protection

### 9 Physical and chemical properties

- · Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information

· Physical state Solid · Colour: Purple

· Odour: Not Applicable · Odour threshold: Not determined. · Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined.

· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range Undetermined. · Flammability Not determined.

· Lower and upper explosion limit

· Lower: Not determined. · Upper: Not determined. · Flash point: Not applicable. Decomposition temperature: Not determined. <1

· pH at 20 °C

· Viscosity:

· Kinematic viscosity *Not applicable.* · Dynamic: *Not applicable.* 

· Solubility

Insoluble. · water:

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Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not determined.
· Vapour pressure:	Not applicable.

· Density and/or relative density

Density at 20 °C:
 Relative density
 Vapour density
 Not determined.
 Not applicable.

· Other information

· Appearance:

· Form: Paste

· Important information on protection of health and

environment, and on safety.

• Ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Change in condition

• Evaporation rate Not applicable.

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

· Explosives Void · Flammable gases Void · Aerosols Void · Oxidising gases Void · Gases under pressure Void · Flammable liquids Void · Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void · Pyrophoric solids Void · Self-heating substances and mixtures Void · Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water Void · Oxidising liquids Void · Oxidising solids Void

Oxidising liquids
Oxidising solids
Organic peroxides
Corrosive to metals
Desensitised explosives

Void

Void

## 10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity Reacts violently with bases and is corrosive.
- · Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Attacks many metals in the presence of water forming flammable explosive gas (hydrogen). Reacts violently wiith oxidants forming toxic gas (chlorine).

- · Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials
- · Incompatible materials:

Bases

Amines

Alkali metals

Metals

Permanganates (Potassium Permanganate)

Fluorine

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Metal acetylides

Hexalithium disilicide

· Hazardous decomposition products:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

## 11 Toxicological information

- · Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)

Oral LD50 13,158-13,889 mg/kg

7647-01-0 Hydrochloric Acid

Oral LD50 900 mg/kg (rabbit)

- Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.
- · Carcinogenicity May cause cancer by inhalation.
- Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

### 12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity: No further relevant information available.
- · **Persistence and degradability** No further relevant information available.
- · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · Other adverse effects
- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to decreased pH-values. A low pH-value harms aquatic organisms. In the dilution of the use-level the pH-value is considerably increased, so that after the use of the product the aqueous waste, emptied into drains, is only low water-dangerous.

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## 13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

UN number or ID number	
ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN3261
UN proper shipping name ADR	3261 CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O., (HYDROCHLORIC ACID)
IMDG, IATA	CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (HYDROCHLORIC ACID)
Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR, IMDG, IATA	
Class Label	8 Corrosive substances.
	0
Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA	II
Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Warning: Corrosive substances.
Hazard identification number (Kemler code)	
EMS Number:	F-A,S-B
Segregation groups	(SGG1) Acids
Stowage Category	B = C2(C1)
Segregation Code	SG36 Stow "separated from" SGG18-alkalis. SG49 Stow "separated from" SGG6-cyanides
Maritime transport in bulk according to IMC	
instruments	Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	
ADR	
Limited quantities (LQ)	l kg
Excepted quantities (EQ)	Code: E2
	Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 g
	Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 g
Transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	E

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· IMDG · Limited quantities (LQ)

· Limited quantities (LQ) 1 kg · Excepted quantities (EQ) Code: E2

> Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 g Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 g

· UN "Model Regulation": UN 3261 CORROSIVE SOLID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

(HYDROCHLORIC ACID), 8, II

### 15 Regulatory information

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Poisons Act

· Regulated explosives precursors

7647-01-0 Hydrochloric Acid

10%

· Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · National regulations:
- · Information about limitation of use:

Workers are not allowed to be exposed to the hazardous carcinogenic materials contained in this preparation. Exceptions can be made by the authorities in certain cases.

· Chemical safety assessment:

Device is a strong acid and is extremely toxic. It is to be used only as directed with PPE, and only by licensed dental professionals.

### 16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

#### · Relevant phrases from Section 3

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eve damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H350i May cause cancer by inhalation.

H361f Suspected of damaging fertility.

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H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- · Department issuing SDS: Environmental, Health, and Safety
- · Contact: Customer Service
- · Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4

Skin Corr. 1B: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1B

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

Carc. 1B: Carcinogenicity – Category 1B

Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity - Category 2

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.

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